PRESCHOOL 3-YEAR-OLDS



Family Guide to Student Success

Families are important partners in achieving the Utah State Board of Education's vision that "each student is prepared to succeed and lead by having knowledge and skills to learn, engage civically, and lead meaningful lives." The purpose of this document is to help families better understand what their children should learn, when a child may need more help, or when a child would benefit from extra challenges. By using these resources you may find more ways to advance your child's learning at home while encouraging growth in their communication, critical thinking, and problem solving skills.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

Essential Learning: ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

- Speak in simple sentences to communicate wants and needs.
- Begin to ask and answer simple questions (for example, who, what, where).
- Follow simple one-step directions.
- Explore rhyming words, syllables, and sounds in words.
- Recognize own name in print.
- With prompting and support, begin to experiment with writing and represent ideas visually (for example, scribbles, stamps, gluing pictures on paper).

Link to the **English Language Arts** Early Learning Preschool Standards: <u>https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=11</u>

English Language Arts Strategies and Activities https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-ela.pdf

Home-to-School Connections: ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

- Point out print that you see everywhere you go: environmental print (road signs, logos, store signs, billboards), magazines, books, etc.
- Sing a variety of songs and recite nursery rhymes including ones from different cultures, in other languages, and songs and rhymes that incorporate body movement and fun actions.
- Ask open-ended questions about what they are doing, seeing, feeling, reading, etc. (open-ended means there is not just one right answer but many different ways to answer).
- Let kids explore with their hands to strengthen their muscles (playdough, short and thin pencils, crayons, scissors, spray bottles, markers, whiteboards, glue sticks, magnetic letters, paintbrushes, etc.).

FINE ARTS

Essential Learning: FINE ARTS

- With support, begin to work independently and cooperatively in dramatic play (also known as pretend play).
- Demonstrate self-regulation through large motor balance, stability, and control in dance within a defined space.
- With support, participate in listening to and singing simple songs and fingerplays.
- Show interest and create works of art using a variety of tools (crayons, playdough, markers, scissors, etc.) and materials (clay, leaves, cardboard, etc.).

Link to the Utah **Fine Arts** Early Learning Preschool Standards: <u>https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=25</u>

Fine Arts Arts Strategies and Activities:

https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-finearts.pdf

Home-to-School Connections: FINE ARTS

- Explore with musical instruments, listen to a variety of music, and dance together!
- Have a special place in your house to hang up and display any creative work your child makes. Ask your child to tell you about their creative work.
- Engage in creative activities with your child. Let the child take the lead in creating art projects, creating games, and acting out stories you read or help create with your child.
- Acknowledge children's effort and persistence when they are being creative. Tell them "I love how hard you worked" or "I can tell you took a lot of time to add all of these colors."
- Use color words wherever you go: "Wow, look at that blue bird!" "It's by the red shoe," or "I spy something green."

HEALTH EDUCATION

Essential Learning: HEALTH EDUCATION

- Develop an awareness between appropriate and inappropriate touch.
- Participate in and develop personal hygiene and care.
- With support, begin to join in, maintain interactions, and interact cooperatively with others by sharing, turn-taking, resolving conflicts, and recognizing others' needs.
- With support, express, identify, and label emotions (for example, happy, sad, angry, afraid) and feelings (for example, thirsty, hungry, hot, cold, tired).
- With support, begin to demonstrate methods to calm down (for example, deep breathing, count to ten, mindfulness).
- With support, begin to develop self-control by regulating one's own impulses and feelings (such as following simple directions, waiting for turns, transitioning between activities, and complying with limitations).

Link to the full Utah **Health Education** Early Learning Preschool Standards: https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=33

Health Education Strategies and Activities: <u>https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-health.pdf</u>

Home-to-School Connections: HEALTH EDUCATION

- Play games that allow your child to practice different emotions such as Simon Says (Simon says make a sad face), and Guess How I Feel (make a mad face and have them guess which emotion it is).
- Practice breathing and other calming strategies with your child when they are calm and happy so that they are more likely to use it when upset.
- Encourage your child to participate in daily routines, including brushing their teeth, putting on pajamas, etc.
- Arrange playdates or visit play areas so that your child can interact with other kids their age and practice being a friend.
- Talk about food you are eating at mealtime and what healthy foods can do for our bodies.
- Read stories and talk about how the characters feel. Ask your child about a time they felt that way.

LIFELONG LEARNING PRACTICES

Essential Learning: LIFELONG LEARNING PRACTICES

- With prompting, develop an increasing ability and willingness to engage in a self-selected task through challenges or difficulties.
- With prompting, develop an increasing ability to connect new information or experiences to previous knowledge.
- With prompting, show flexibility in approaching open-ended tasks.
- With prompting, begin to participate in back-and-forth conversation with peers or adults.
- Develop awareness of appropriate communication or actions when social problems arise to identify the problem and explore basic solutions.
- Demonstrate awareness of identity including personal information, characteristics, preferences, and abilities.

Link to the **Lifelong Learning Practices** Early Learning Preschool Standards: https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=40

Lifelong Learning Practices Strategies and Activities: <u>https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-lifelonglearnering.pdf</u>

Home-to-School Connections: LIFELONG LEARNING PRACTICES

- Model what to do when you have a problem. You can say, "I have a problem and need to think of a solution. I could..."
- Help your child make connections with previous information or experiences by reminding them of things they have done or learned before. For instance, if you see a bird, you could remind them of their trip to the zoo or a book they read about a bird.
- Praise your child when they show that they are responsible and helpful.
- Arrange playdates or go to places where your child can practice interacting with other kids and having conversations with others.
- Encourage your child to persist through experiences that consist of productive struggle of not too hard and not too easy).

MATHEMATICS

Essential Learning: MATHEMATICS

- Count to ten by ones and recognize that numbers have a known sequence (for example, "1, 2, 3, 4, 5. What comes next?").
- Begin to recognize the difference between letters and numbers.

(Continued from Essential Learning: MATHEMATICS)

- Begin to develop an understanding of the relationship between some numbers and quantities by counting one object as you say one number (one-to-one correspondence) for up to five objects and answer the question "how many?"
- Identify simple patterns in the environment and begin to duplicate and extend simple patterns (for example, pointing out alternating stripes on a shirt).
- Match, point to, and begin to identify basic shapes by name.
- Identify and describe measurable attributes (for example big, small, tall, short).

Link to the Utah **Mathematics** Early Learning Preschool Standards: <u>https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=64</u>

Mathematics Strategies and Activities: https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-math.pdf

Home-to-School Connection: MATHEMATICS

- While eating, you can practice counting. At the beginning of a snack, for instance, you can count how many pretzels your child has.
- Point out numbers and letters that you see in the environment. "Look! This is the number 3," "I see the letter A. That's in your name," etc.
- While playing, you can add patterns to what you are doing. For example, when building with colored blocks, you can make a simple pattern. You can point it out to your child and ask them what color comes next.
- While playing, point out attributes such as what toy is longer, heavier, bigger, shorter, etc.
- Play hide-and-seek or scavenger hunt games that include shapes and position words. For instance, you can hide something and give clues like "It's under a chair" or "It's in front of something you sleep on." You can also do a scavenger hunt in your house for different shapes (for instance, find 3 triangles, 4 squares, etc.).

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Essential Learning: PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Begin to demonstrate awareness that personal boundaries exist.
- Participate in activities that develop control and balance during actions that move the child from one place to another (for example, walk forward in a straight line, hop, run and stop, change direction, and jump over low objects).
- Participate in activities that develop control of large muscles to manipulate objects (for example, throw and catch a ball, use a club to move a ball along the ground, ride wheeled toys).
- Manipulate small pieces or objects (puzzle pieces, interlocking cubes, tongs, etc.) and build with a variety of blocks.

(Continued from Essential Learning: PHYSICAL EDUCATION)

With support, develop small muscle control by making lines, circles, and scribbles with writing tools (for example, chalk, crayons, paint, markers, digital tools).

Link to the Utah **Physical Education** Early Learning Preschool Standards: <u>https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=72</u>

Physical Education Strategies and Activities https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-pe.pdf

Home-to-School Connections: PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Set up an obstacle course that encourages your child to run, gallop, throw, catch, hop, kick, dance, jump, climb, pull, carry, stretch, bend, or twist to practice moving the whole body as well as isolated parts of the body.
- Practice building with large and small blocks, molding clay, using scissors or tongs, stringing beads, placing pegs in holes, assembling puzzles, using a computer mouse, and using a variety of writing utensils (pencils, crayons, markers) and art mediums (painting, printing, stamping).
- Praise your child when they maintain their own personal space and respect the personal space of others while playing or moving.
- Play games with a ball that encourages throwing, catching, bouncing, and kicking.

SCIENCE

Essential Learning: SCIENCE

- Explore and describe patterns in weather and different seasons.
- Obtain and communicate information about the effect of water and food on living things, such as plants depend on water to live, and animals depend on water and food to live.
- Plan and carry out an investigation to determine the cause and effect of the speed or direction of an object when a push or pull occurs, such as having a marble or other object move a certain distance, follow a particular path, or knock down another object.
- Plan and carry out an investigation using the five senses to determine the effect of sunlight on different surfaces and materials, such as determining if the effect is hot or cold or a light or dark surface.

Link to the Utah **Science** Early Learning Preschool Standards: https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=80

Science Strategies and Activities <u>https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-science.pdf</u>

Home-to-School Connections: SCIENCE

- Allow children to explore their surroundings and ask questions while they are doing so, such as, "What do you think will happen if...?"
- Point out changes in children's environment including changes in the weather, seasons, etc.
- Provide children with language to describe what they see, hear, touch, taste, etc.
- Build ramps, forts, levers, etc. with children and let them discover what will happen when using them.

SOCIAL STUDIES

Essential Learning: SOCIAL STUDIES

- Recognize differences and commonalities in culture, ethnicity, and abilities within the immediate communities (for example, language, family structure, traditions, disabilities).
- Demonstrate awareness of one's own identity including personal information, characteristics, preferences, and abilities (for example, name, age, gender, physical attributes, likes/dislikes, parent/caregiver, family members) and participate in respectful discussions about similarities and differences with others.
- Identify and follow safety procedures for school and various environments (for example, safety drills, crosswalks, seatbelts, helmets).
- Begin to demonstrate independence in interacting cooperatively with others by sharing, turn-taking, resolving conflicts, accepting consequences of actions, and recognizing others' needs.
- With support, discuss the difference between basic needs (for example, food, shelter, and clothing) and wants (for example, toys, games, and treats).
- Recognize the importance of balancing media time with other activities.

Link to **Social Studies** Early Learning Preschool Standards: <u>https://schools.utah.gov/file/2f5c23cd-43cc-4ab1-b5d7-ef1f918362e9#page=86</u>

Social Studies Strategies and Activities: <u>https://www.uen.org/core/prek/downloads/strategies-socialstudies.pdf</u>

Home-to-School Connections: SOCIAL STUDIES

- Honor your family culture and maintain a respectful attitude when interacting with others who may have different cultural backgrounds. You can say, "We celebrate this way, but they celebrate that way. It's ok that we do different things!"
- Model behaviors that care for the environment. For example, pick up trash you see outside, turn lights off when you leave a room, put items in the recycling bin, etc.

(Continued from Home-to-School Connections: SOCIAL STUDIES)

- Explain the importance of safety and why that practice is important. Praise your child when they make safe choices.
- Provide children with choices as often as possible. For example, while dressing, let them pick between the blue shirt or the dinosaur shirt. When it's snack time, let them pick between a banana or a string cheese, etc.
- Model healthy use of technology. Help your child balance media time with other activities, such as encouraging them to play with other toys and items.

PARTNER WITH YOUR CHILD'S TEACHER(S)

Productive relationships between families and teachers are essential to learning. You can facilitate development of a respectful relationship with your child's teacher(s) by:

- Introducing yourself.
- Asking about the best means to communicate effectively regarding your child's learning (e.g., email, notes, phone calls).
- Sharing anything that would be important to consider when planning for your child's learning experiences (e.g., strengths, areas for growth, goals, and/or any other special considerations).
- Attending parent teacher conferences and identifying ways you can support your child's development, growth, and learning.
- Asking your child about what they are learning and reinforcing their learning at home by maintaining focus on the learning process rather than outcomes while celebrating both successes and failures.
- Acknowledging the positive contributions of educators on your child's development, growth, and learning.

5Es FOR FAMILIES

To support your child in developing the characteristics found in <u>Utah's Portrait</u> of a <u>Graduate</u>, you will find <u>Utah's 5Es for Families</u> to be another helpful resource. By using the 5Es for Families, your home environment can support and enrich your child's learning.